DOMETO

(LITTLE HOUSE)

INTER-LOCKING BUILDING MATERIAL.

PATENT 24813/1[illegible]

INSTRUCTION BOOK FOR BOX D.

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THE IRISH TOY INDUSTRY, LIMITED,
BELFAST.

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PRICE

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DOMETO comprises all the essential parts of houses and other buildings, including bricks, doors, windows, floors, stairs, tiles, gutters, chimneys, gates, arches, etc. The parts are all standardised, and are interchangeable.

With a sufficient supply of DOMETO material, buildings of every description may be erected—Houses, Forts, Castles, Shops, Churches, Farm Buildings, Bridges, Railway Stations, Signal Boxes, etc.

NO TOOLS ARE REQUIRED.

The designs supplied with each box are intended to illustrate the way in which the various pieces ..., be use Many other models may be built from the same material in addition to those for which instructions are given, and children should be encouraged to work out ideas of their own in DOMETO.

Each box is complete in itself, but by combining two or more boxes, larger models can be built and greater variety is possible. Extra pieces can be obtained separately.

If the pieces of DOMETO become soiled, they may be re-coloured. Tins of DOMETO Paint ..., green, slate, or stone colour), mixed ready for use, may be obtained from the manufacturers, ... 6d. each, post free.

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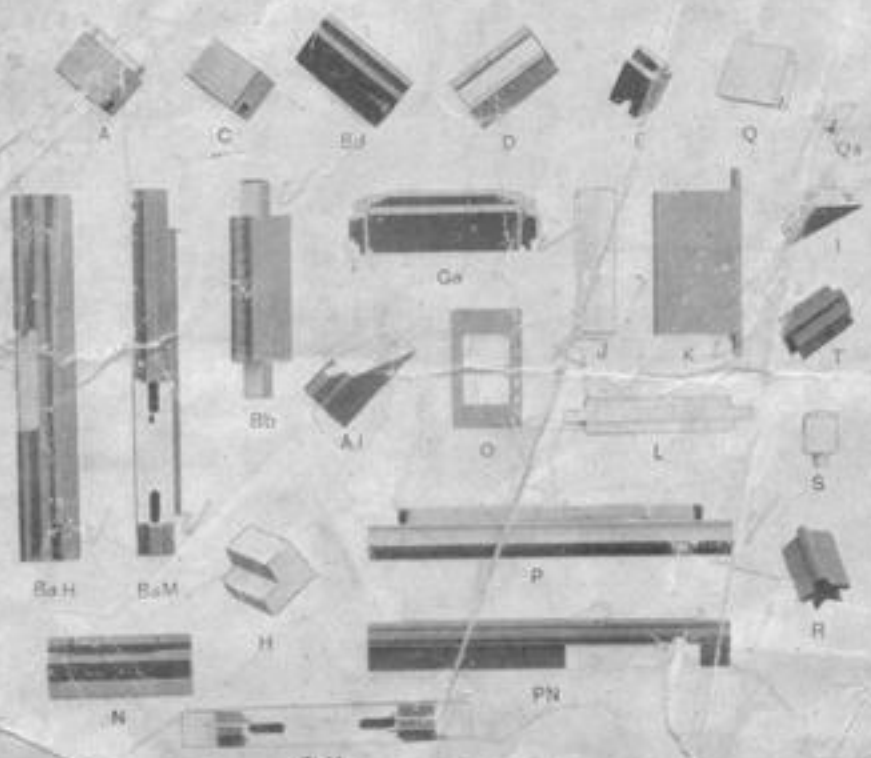
Illustrations of the Pieces in Box D.



List of the

8—A$\frac{1}{4}$
16—A$\frac{3}{4}$
8—A1
4—A1$\frac{1}{4}$
8—A1$\frac{1}{2}$
8—A3
4—A12$\frac{1}{4}$
1—BaH7$\frac{1}{2}$
1—BaM7$\frac{1}{2}$
1—Bb4$\frac{1}{2}$
1—BbM4$\frac{1}{2}$
2—Bd3$\frac{1}{4}$
2—C1$\frac{3}{4}$
4—C2$\frac{1}{4}$
2—C3
2—D2
4—E$\frac{3}{4}$
2—Ga4$\frac{1}{2}$

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...es of DOMETO are referred to by letters and figures, the letters denoting the ...gures the lengths in inches. The patterns may be identified by comparison with ...ven on the next page. The lengths may be ascertained by measuring with the ...n is supplied with every box. In the measurement of pieces with tenoned ends (as ...length of the tenon is not reckoned, *i.e.*, the part which fits into another piece should ...d. Mortised pieces (as *Ba* and *P*) should be measured full length.

...cks are 1 inch in height and $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in thickness. The wall bricks in Box D ... and *C*) vary from $\frac{1}{2}$ inch to 3 inches in length. In calculating the bricks required to fill ...length of wall, the following table will be found useful :—

Twice $\frac{3}{4}$ are $1\frac{1}{2}$	Twice $1\frac{1}{2}$ are 3	Twice $2\frac{1}{4}$ are $4\frac{1}{2}$
3 times „ „ $2\frac{1}{4}$	3 times „ „ $4\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ added to $\frac{1}{2}$ makes $1\frac{1}{4}$
4 „ „ „ 3	4 „ „ „ 6	„ „ „ $1\frac{1}{2}$ „ $2\frac{1}{4}$
6 „ „ „ $4\frac{1}{2}$	5 „ „ „ $7\frac{1}{2}$	„ „ „ $2\frac{1}{4}$ „ 3

...ple :—A course of bricks in a wall $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches long may be built with any of the following ...ions—

$$A3 + A1\tfrac{1}{2} + A3 \quad \text{or} \quad A\tfrac{3}{4} + A3 + A3 + A\tfrac{3}{4} \quad \text{or}$$

$$A1 + A1\tfrac{1}{4} + A1\tfrac{1}{2} + A1\tfrac{1}{2} + A1\tfrac{1}{4} + A1 \quad \text{or} \quad A1\tfrac{1}{2} + C2\tfrac{1}{4} + C2\tfrac{1}{4} + A1\tfrac{1}{2}, \quad \text{etc.}$$

...e should be taken, in building walls or roofs, always to "break the joints," *i.e.*, to see that the ...between two pieces is not vertically in line with a crevice in the next course above or below.

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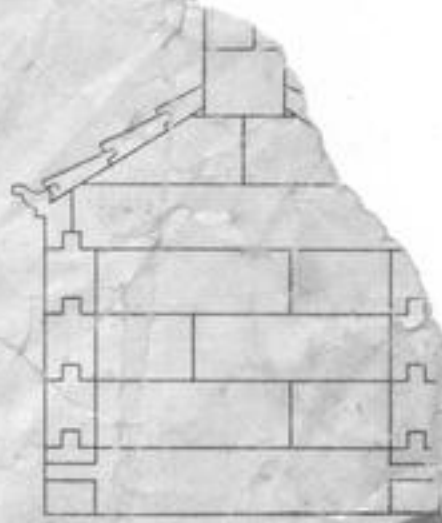
Model 1.



RIGHT END

are *A1½*, *D2*, *A1*. Next fit on the eaves piece *PN7½* so that the deep projecting tenons of the door-posts and the upper pivot of the door. Then bu at the back corners are *A1½*. The back of the model is left open to afford placing the eaves piece *P7½* across the back, carefully fit the binding pie fit into the grooves at the ends of *P* and *PN*; press down gently and e *Ga* fit on to the tongues of the wall bricks. Then fit on the tiles and ridg

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Fit the frame and lay the floor as in Model 1. The bricks of the bottom row in the front are *A1¼*, *D2*, *A1*, *D2*, *A1¼*. Those on each side of the door-posts are *A1*. The course above the door *A¾*, *N3*, *A¾*. The lower pivot of the door fits into the slot in *BbM*, which is nearer the centre. The other end of the model is like the right side of Model 1, but with one more course of bricks.

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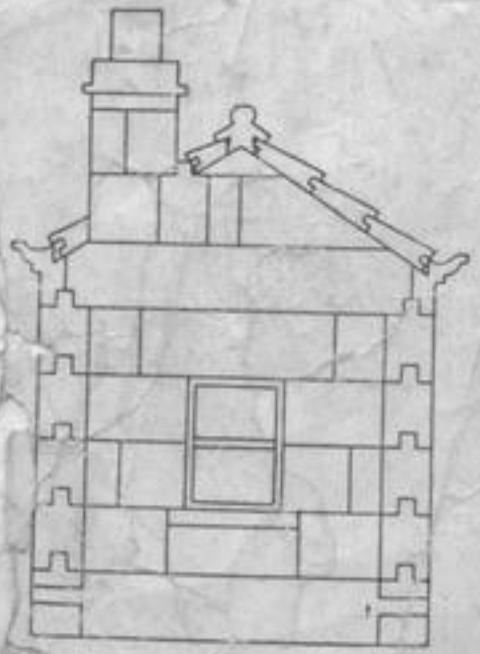
Model 3.



Left End.

The bricks above the left end binding piece *Ga* are *A1*, $E\frac{3}{4}$, $A1\frac{1}{2}$, $A1\,2\frac{1}{4}$. The tiles above and below the chimney stack are $Qa\frac{3}{4}$.

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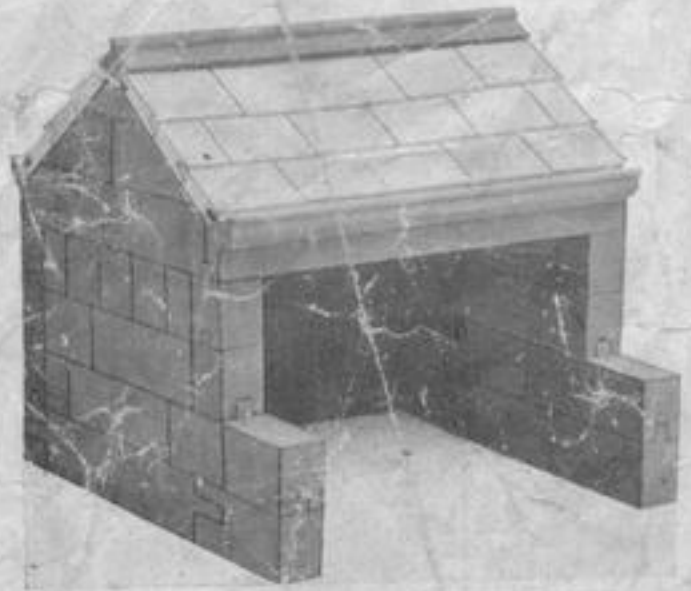
Model 4. Shed.



Back.

Model 5. Shed.

Back.

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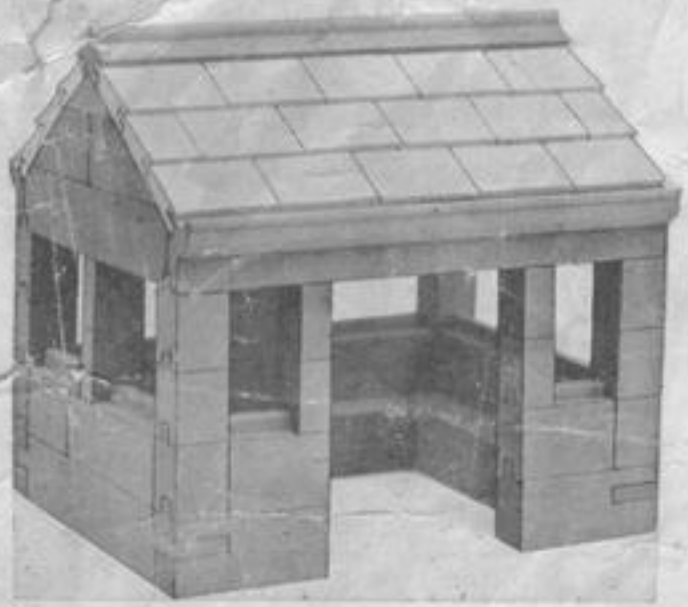
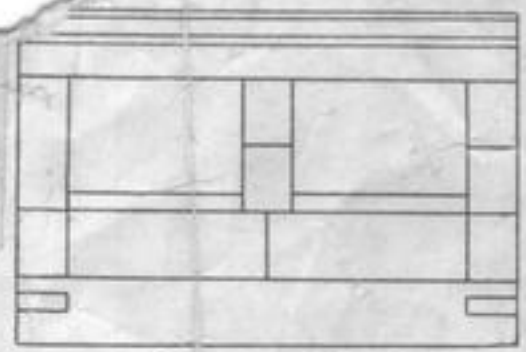
Model 6 r.





Back.

The frame piece *Ba*7½ must be turned with the ledge outwards. Before putting on the roof, place two *C3* bricks inside against the back wall, and *C*2¼ and *C*1½ against each side to form seats.

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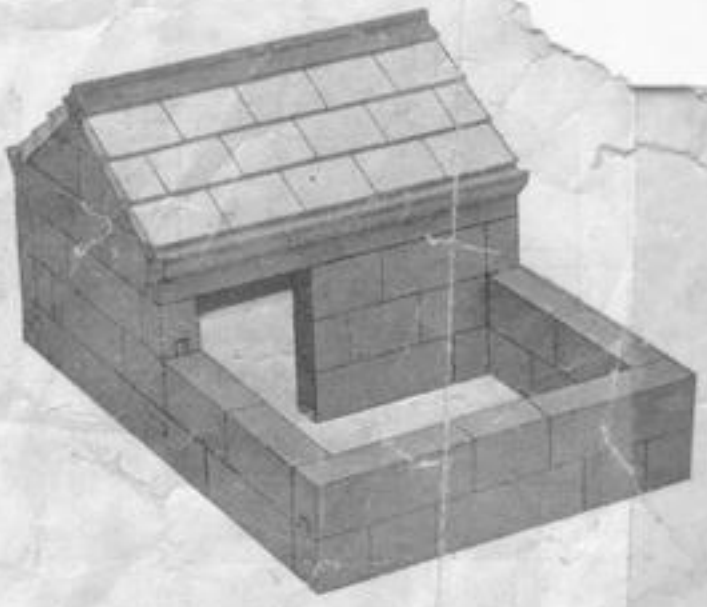
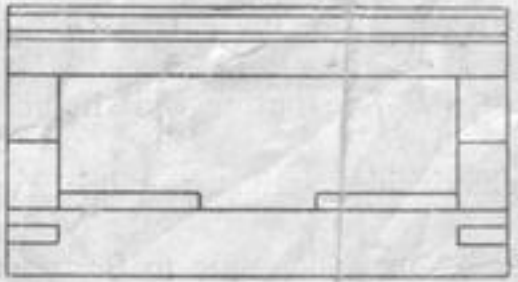
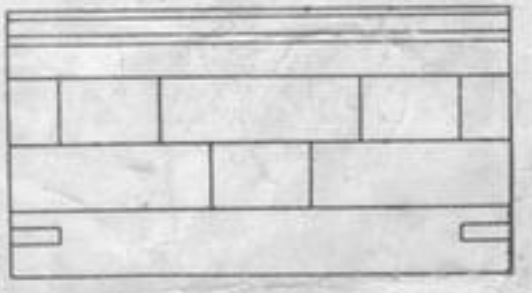
Model 7. Pi





Back.

Model 8. Stable.



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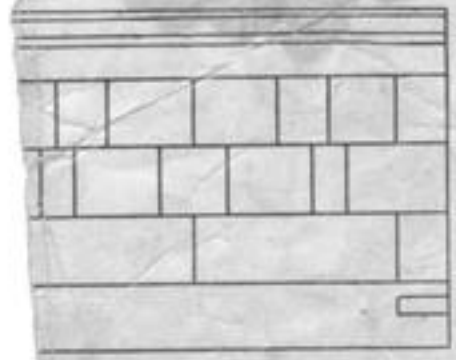
ner-houses.



Back.

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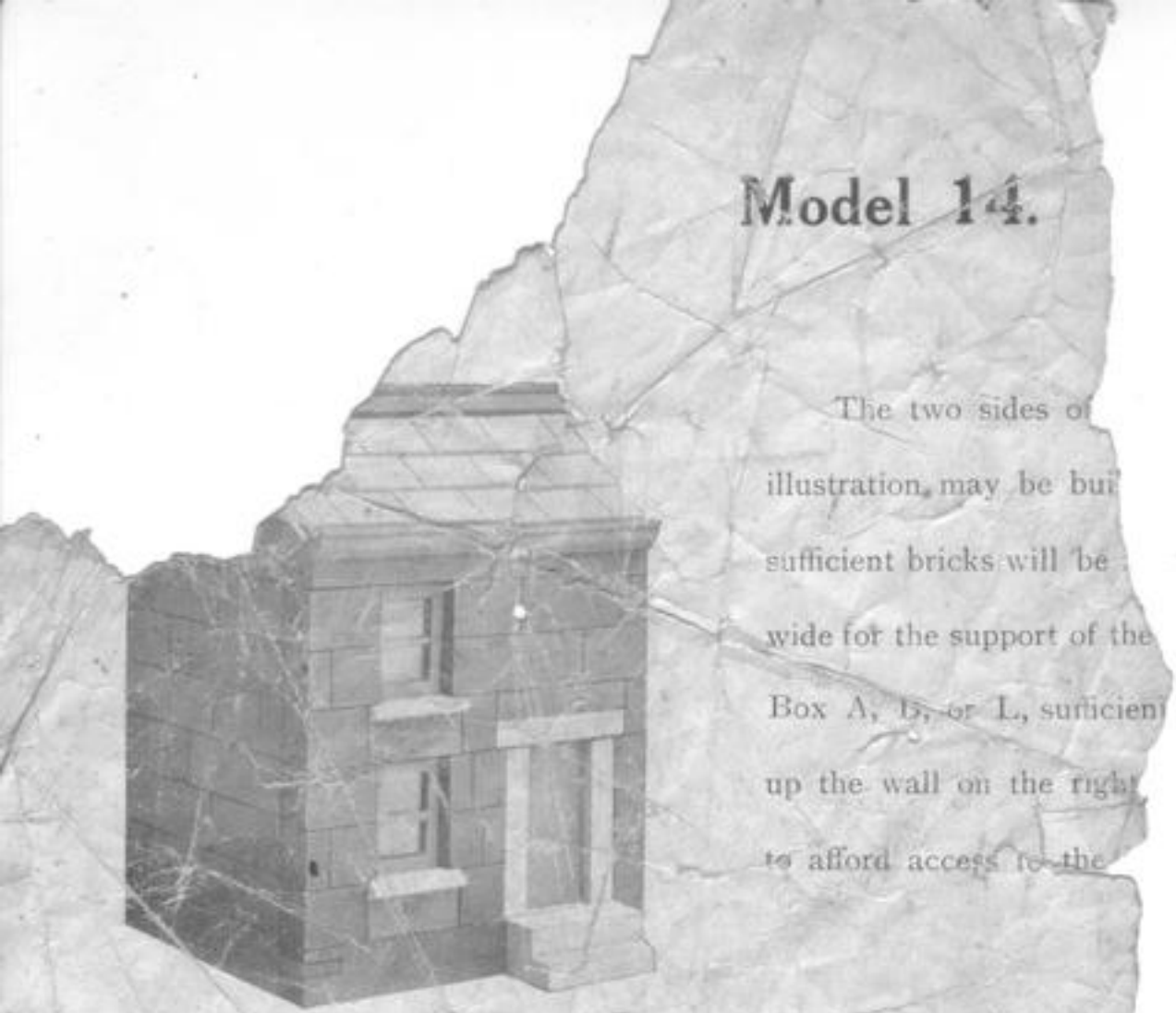
Model 14.



The two sides of
illustration, may be bui
sufficient bricks will be
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Box A, B, or L, sufficien
up the wall on the righ
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Stall. Model .

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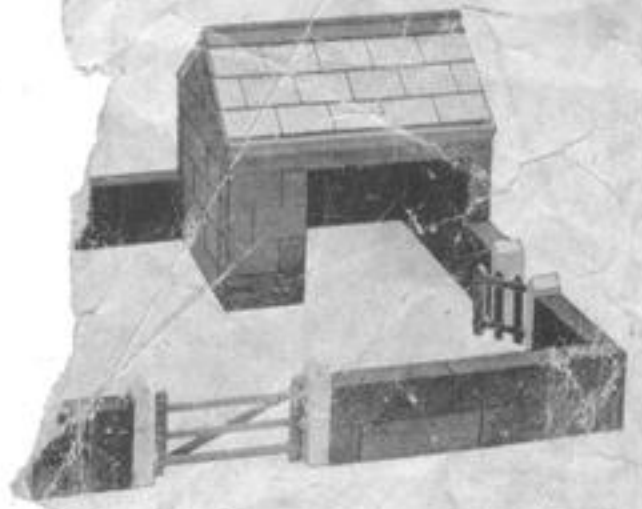
uld attempt some original designs. By
he models with walls and gates, as illus-

uilt.

n conjunction with Box D.



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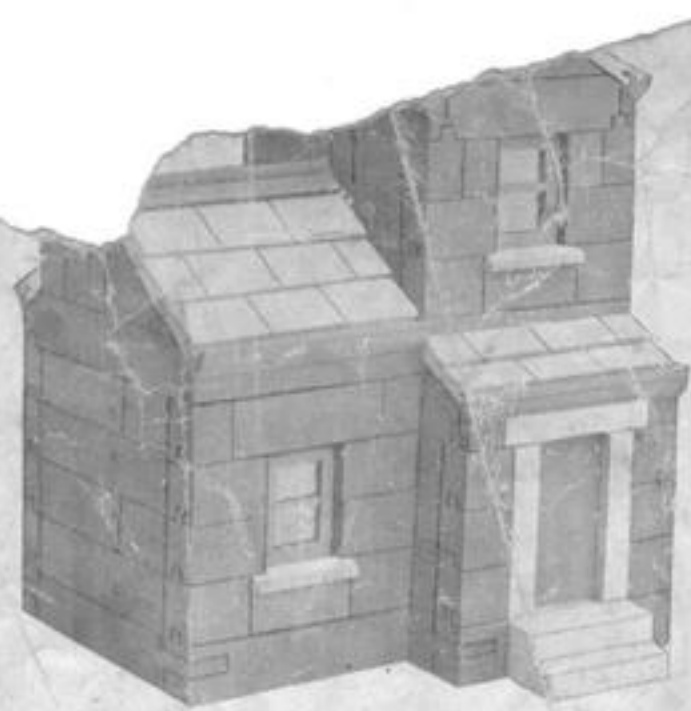
Model from Box E.



Model from Boxes B and E.

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Model from Boxes D and E.

Model from Box F.

Model from Box G.

Model from Boxes B, D, and L.

Model from Box K.

Models from Boxes F and K.

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